CLAIM AMENDMENTS

In the claims, please amend claims 1, 9, 11, 17, 25, 31, 37, 44, 49, 53, and 54 as provided below:

- 1. (Currently amended) An electric arc welder with a waveform generator controlled to create a welding process involving current flow between an electrode and a workpiece, said welding process comprising a succession of current pulse waveforms each having a starting time, a current ramp up portion beginning at said starting time and havingwith a set first lapsed time, a peak current portion with peak current and a second lapsed time, a current ramp down portion with a third lapsed time and a background current portion with a background current and a fourth lapsed time, a voltage sensing circuit to sense a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece and a circuit to reset said waveform generator to said starting time to begin a new waveform upon sensing a short circuit.
- (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 1 wherein said voltage sensing circuit is activated only after said second lapsed time.
- 3. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 1 wherein said voltage sensing circuit is activated only during said background current portion.
- (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 1 including a short clearing circuit for increasing said current flow outside said pulse waveform upon sensing of a short before said second lapsed time.
- 5. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 4 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 3 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 7. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 2 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.

- 8. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 1 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 9. (Currently Amended) An electric arc welder with a waveform generator controlled to create a welding process involving current flow between an electrode and a workpiece, said welding process comprising a succession of current pulse waveforms each having a current ramp up portion, a peak current portion, a current ramp down portion and a background current portion, a voltage sensing circuit to sense a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece and a circuit to reset said waveform generator to restart said pulse waveform at the ramp up portion upon sensing a short circuit.
- 10. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 9 wherein said voltage sensing circuit is activated only after said peak current portion.
- 11. (Currently Amended) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 9 wherein <u>said</u>aid voltage sensing circuit is activated only during said background current portion.
- 12. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 9 including a short clearing circuit for increasing said current flow outside said pulse waveform upon sensing of a short circuit after said current ramp up portion and before said current ramp down portion.
- (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 12 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 14. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 11 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 15. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 10 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.

- (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 9 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A method of electric arc welding with a waveform generator controlled to create a welding process involving current flow between an electrode and a workpiece, said welding process comprising a succession of current pulse waveforms each having a current ramp up portion, a peak current portion, a current ramp down portion and a background current portion, said method comprising:
 - (a) sensing a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece; and,
- (b) resetting said waveform generator <u>by starting</u>to start a next waveform <u>at</u> the ramp up portion upon sensing a short circuit.
- (Original) The method as defined in claim 17 wherein said resetting act is possible only after said peak current portion.
- (Original) The method as defined in claim 17 wherein said resetting act is possible only during said background current portion.
- 20. (Original) A method as defined in claim 17 including the additional act of:
- (c) clearing a short circuit by increasing said current flow outside said pulse waveform upon sensing of a short circuit after said current ramp up portion and before said current ramp down portion.
- 21. (Original) The method as defined in claim 20 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 22. (Original) The method as defined in claim 19 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.

- 23. (Original) The method as defined in claim 18 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 24. (Original) The method as defined in claim 17 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 25. (Currently Amended) An electric arc welder with a waveform generator controlled to create a welding process involving current flow between an electrode and a workpiece, said welding process comprising a succession of pulse waveforms each having a current ramp up portion, a peak current portion, a current ramp down portion and a background current portion, a voltage sensing circuit to sense a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece and a reset circuit to reset said waveform generator to start a new pulse waveform with a new peak current portion upon sensing of a short circuit.
- 26. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 25 wherein said reset circuit is operable only after said peak current portion of said waveform.
- 27. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 26 including a short clearing circuit for cleaning a sustained short circuit by increasing said current flow outside said waveform during said peak portion of said waveform.
- 28. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 27 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 26 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 30. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 25 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 31. (Currently Amended) A method of electric arc welding with a waveform generator controlled to create a welding process involving current flow

between an electrode and a workpiece, said welding process comprising a succession of pulse waveforms each having a current ramp upramp portion, a peak current portion, a current ramp down portion and a background current portion, a voltage sensing circuit to sense a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece, said method comprising:

- (a) detecting any short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece;
 and.
- (b) resetting said waveform generator upon sensing of a short circuit to immediately start a new next waveform <u>beginning at the ramp up portion</u> after a sensed short circuit.
- 32. (Original) A method as defined in claim 31 wherein said resetting act is operable only after said peak current portion of said waveform.
- 33. (Original) A method as defined in claim 31 including the additional act of:
- (c) increasing said current flow outside said waveform during said peak portion of said new next waveform, when there is a sustained short circuit at the start of new next waveform.
- 34. (Original) The method as defined in claim 33 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- $35. \hspace{0.2in} \hbox{(Original)} \hspace{0.5in} \hbox{The method as defined in claim 32 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.}$
- (Original) The method as defined in claim 31 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 37. (Original) An electric arc welder with a program to create a welding process involving current flow between an electrode and a workpiece, said welding process comprising a succession of pulse waveforms each having a starting time, a peak portion with a peak parameter, said peak portion beginning at said starting time.

and a background portion with a background parameter, a voltage sensing circuit to sense a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece and a circuit to reset said program to said starting time of the next waveform upon sensing a short circuit.

- 38. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 37 wherein said voltage sensing circuit is activated only during said background current portion.
- 39. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 37 including a short clearing circuit for increasing said current flow outside said pulse waveform upon sensing of a short before said background current portion.
- 40. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 39 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 41. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 38 wherein said solid wire is a metal cored wire.
- 42. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 37 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 42 wherein said parameter is selected from the class consisting of current, voltage, power and energy.
- 44. (Currently Amended) An electric arc welder with a program to create a welding process involving current flow between an electrode and a workpiece, said welding process comprising a succession of current pulse waveforms each having a peak current portion and a background current portion, a voltage sensing circuit to sense a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece and a circuit to reset said waveform to restart said pulse waveform by beginning a new peak portion upon sensing a short circuit.
- 45. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 44 wherein said voltage sensing circuit is activated only after said peak current portion.

- 46. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 44 wherein said voltage sensing circuit is activated only during said background current portion.
- 47. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 44 including a short clearing circuit for increasing said current flow outside said pulse waveform upon sensing of a short circuit before said background portion.
- 48. (Original) An electric arc welder as defined in claim 44 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- 49. (Currently Amended) A method of electric arc welding with a pulsed spray welding process involving current flow between an electrode and a workpiece, said welding process comprising a succession of pulse waveforms each having a peak portion, a background portion, said method comprising:
- (a) sensing a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece <u>in a</u> current waveform; and,
- (b) starting a next waveform upon a short circuit <u>without completing said current waveform</u>.
- (Original) The method as defined in claim 49 wherein said starting act is possible only during said background portion.
- $\label{eq:continuous} \textbf{51.} \qquad \text{(Original)} \qquad \textbf{A method as defined in claim } \textbf{49} \text{ including the additional act}$ of:
- (c) clearing a short circuit by increasing said current flow outside said pulse waveform upon sensing of a short circuit during said peak portion.
- 52. (Original) The method as defined in claim 49 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.
- (Currently Amended) An electric arc welder to create a pulsed spray welding process involving current flow between an electrode and workpiece, said

welding process comprising a succession of pulse waveforms that individually include a <u>pulse portion beginning at a starting time</u>, a voltage sensing circuit to sense a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece and a reset circuit to start a new waveform by beginning a new pulse portion upon sensing of a short circuit.

- 54. (Currently Amended) A method of electric arc welding by creating a pulsed spray welding process involving a succession of pulse waveforms <u>beginning at a starting time</u>, a voltage sensing circuit to sense a short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece, said method comprising:
- (a) detecting any short circuit between said electrode and said workpiece; and,
- (b) immediately starting a new next waveform at the starting time after a sensed short circuit.
- 55. (Original) The method as defined in claim 54 wherein said electrode is a solid wire with an outer shielding gas.